

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY HAJI ANFAR ALI COLLEGE, DOBOKA SYLLABUS UNDER FYUGP- 2023

B. A. First Semester

Credit: 4 Course level: 100-199

Course Outcome: Upon completion of this course, a student will be able to:

- Explain the emergence of state system in North India as well as development of imperial state structure and state formation in South India in the early period.
- They will be able to relate the changes and transformations in polity of early India and the link ages developed through contacts with the outside world.

COURSE NAME: HISTORY OF INDIA (UP TO 1206 CE)

Ur	iit: I	Contact Classes : 9	Non-contact classes : 3	Marks : 20
a)	Sources for reconstructing Ancient Indian History: archaeological; literary			
b)	Harappan Civilization: origin, extent, characteristics; first urbanization; decline.			
c)	Vedic Culture-Early and Later Vedic periods: Tribal Polity, economic developments; social			
,	stratification; religion and philosophy;			
Ur	it: II	Contact Classes : 9	Non-contact classes : 3	Marks : 20
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a)	Second Urbanization; Rise of territorial states: Mahajanapadas			
b)	Religious movements in North India: Jainism; Buddhism			
c)	The Mauryas: Administrative system, Society and Economy; Asoka's Dhamma; Decline.			
d)) Greek Invasion and its Impact.			
Un	it: III	Contact Classes : 9	Non-contact classes : 3	Marks : 20
a) b)	Political developments in Post–Mauryan period with special reference to Sungas, Kushanas, Kharavelas, Satavahanas. Sangam Age: Literature, Society and Culture.			
- /	it: IV	Contact Classes : 9	Non-contact classes : 3	Marks : 20
a)				and architecture, cultural
u)	developments.	ie. administrative system	, economy, society, art	and architecture, cultural
b)	Post-Gupta Period: Land Grant Economy and Early Feudalism.			
c)	Harshavardhana; Samanta system.			
Úr	it: IV	Contact Classes : 9	Non-contact classes : 3	Marks : 20
a)	Emergence of Rajputs in North India			
b)	Political developments in South India with special reference to Cholas, Rashtrakutas, Chalukya			
	Badami.	-		
c)	Arabs; Ghaznavids	s and Ghorids.		

Readings:

Altekar. A.S. 1966. State and Government in Ancient India. Delhi: Motilal Banarasidass.

Chakravarti. Ranabir. 2013. Exploring Early India up to c. AD 1300. Second Edition. Delhi: Macmillan

- Champakalakshmi, R. 1996. *Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India, 300 CE to 1300 AD*. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Ratnagar. Shereen. 1991. Enquiries into the Political Organization of Harappan Society. Pune: Ravish Publishers.
- Roy, Kumkum. 1994. Emergence of Monarchy in North India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press
- Sahu, Bhairabi Prasad. 2012. 'Recent Perspectives of the State and Debates in Early Indian History'. Indian Historical Review 39(2)145-162.
- Sharma, R.S. 1983. Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India. New Delhi: Macmillan Sharma. R.S. 2006. India's Ancient Past. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Sharma,
- R.S.1983. Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India. New Delhi: Macmillan. Singh,
- Upinder. 2009. A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th century. Delhi: Pearson India.
- Thapar. Romila.1984. From Lineage to State. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Thapar. Romila. 2003. *The Penguin History of Early India: From origins to AD 1300.Haryana:* Penguin Random House India.
- Thapar, Romila. 1978. Ashoka and the Decline of the Mauryas. Delhi: Oxford University Press.

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